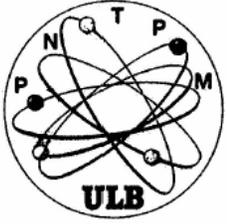


# Single particle spectra in heavy nuclei: A window on SHE nuclei?

Application of Skyrme HFB with SLy4 and Ski4 interactions  
Full self consistent of qp creation and breaking of  
time reversal invariance.

M. Bender, P. Bonche, T. Duguet, P-H Heenen and A. Chatillon



# HFB methods

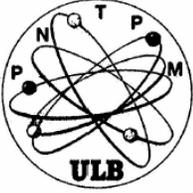
- Effective interaction for mean-field and pairing:

Minimization of the total energy  $\rightarrow$  HFB ground state  $|\Phi\rangle$

$$E = \langle \Psi | \hat{H} | \Psi \rangle = E[\rho, \kappa, \kappa^*]$$

with constraints on  $N$  and  $Z$   $\langle \Psi | \hat{N}_q | \Psi \rangle = N_q$ .

+ cranking constraint  $-\omega J_z$



Skyrme interaction + dd pairing

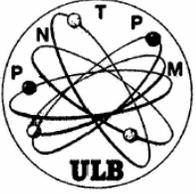
For an even nucleus: gs vacuum

For an odd nucleus: 1qp state

$$\beta_i^\dagger |0\rangle$$

associated with the quantum numbers /  
(two operators for 2qp states in even nuclei)

Full self consistency , inclusion of time odd terms  
The only well defined quantity is the total energy  
of a configuration



# It works!

- Rotational properties of actinides and transactinides (self consistent cranking):  
test of pairing
- Interpretation of spectra of odd nuclei  
test of the mean-field part of the interaction

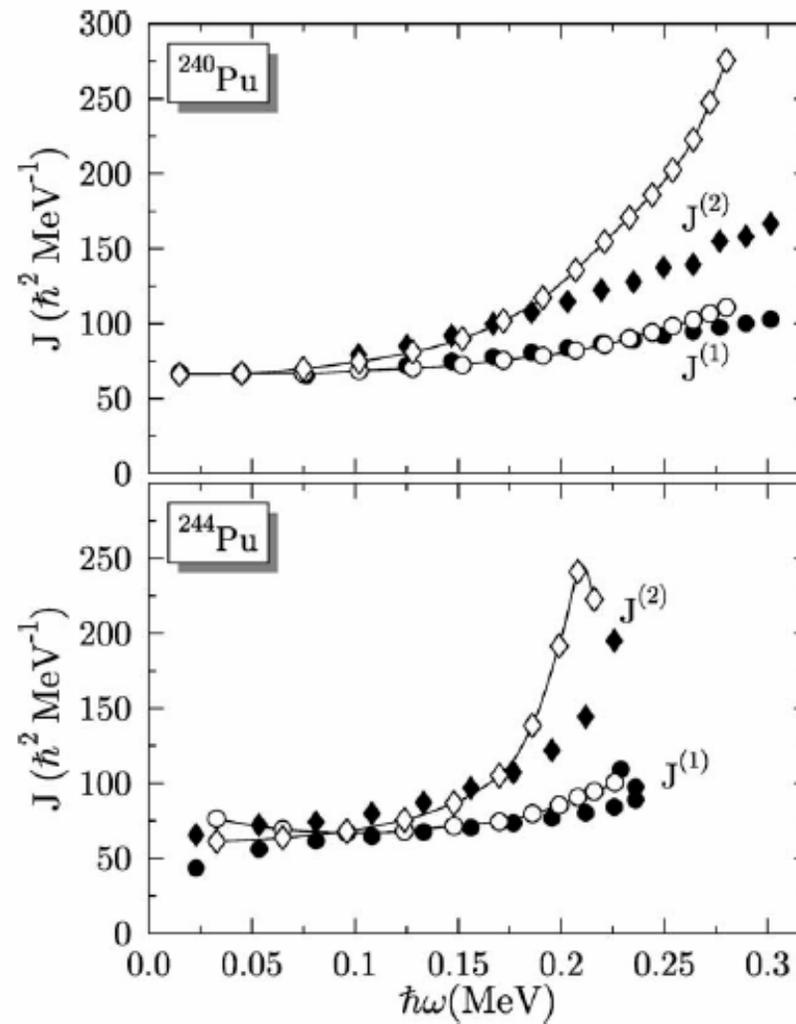
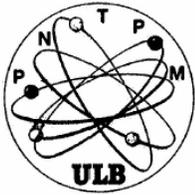
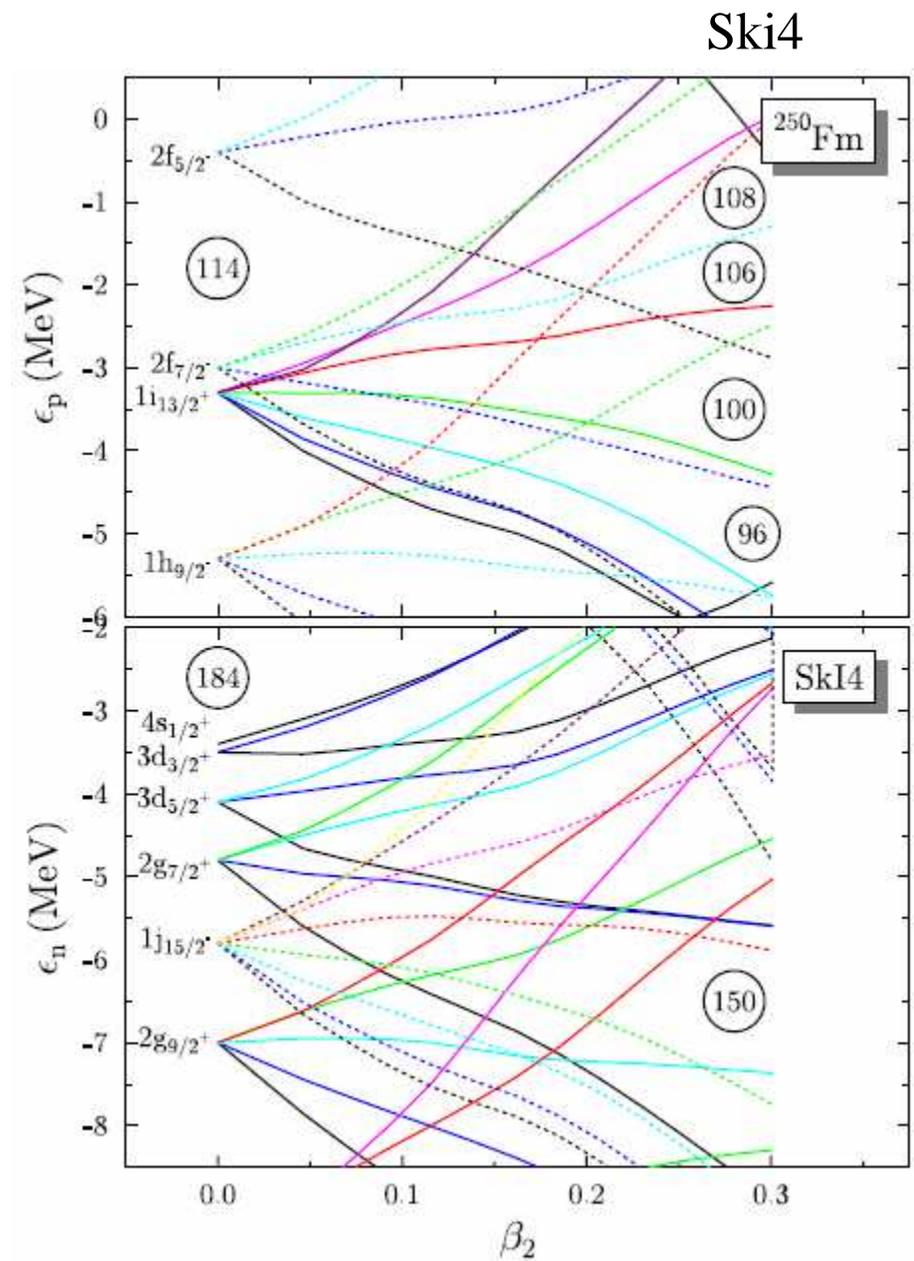
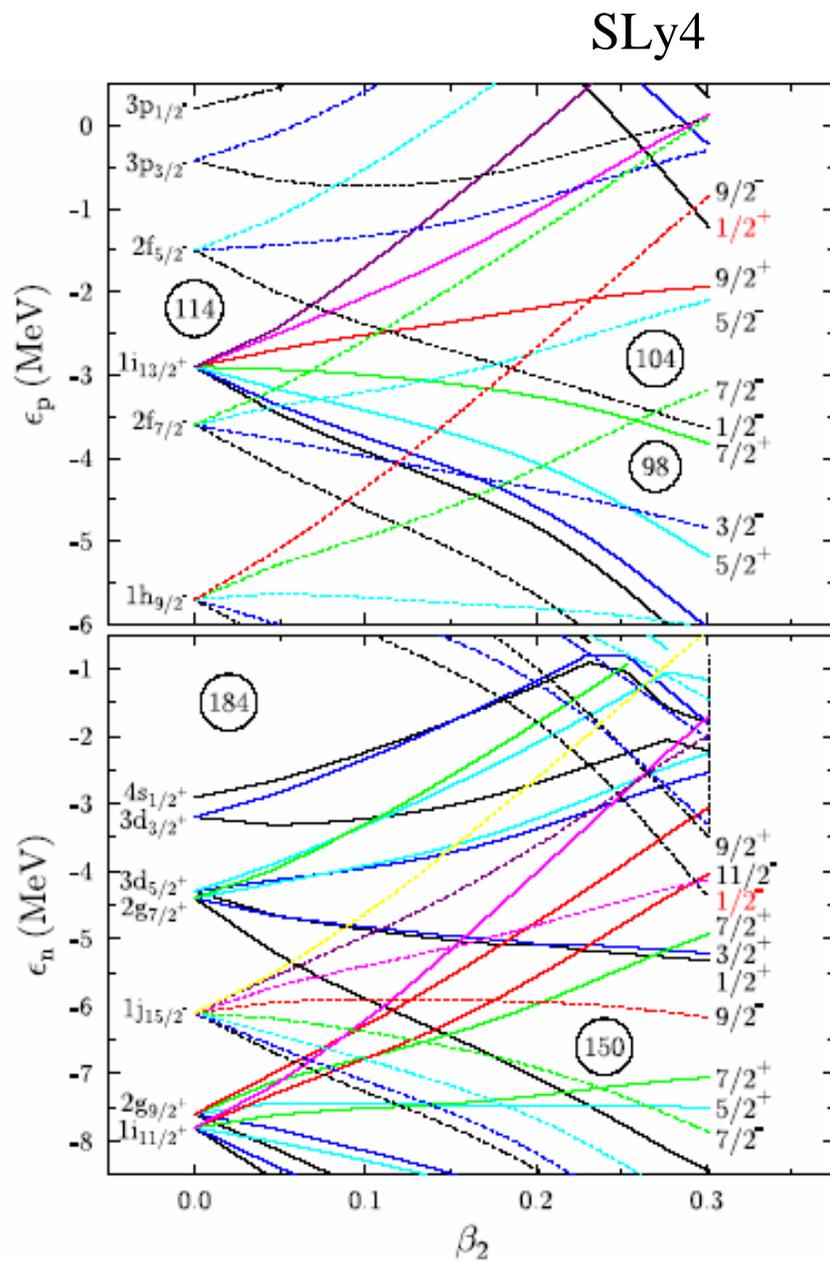
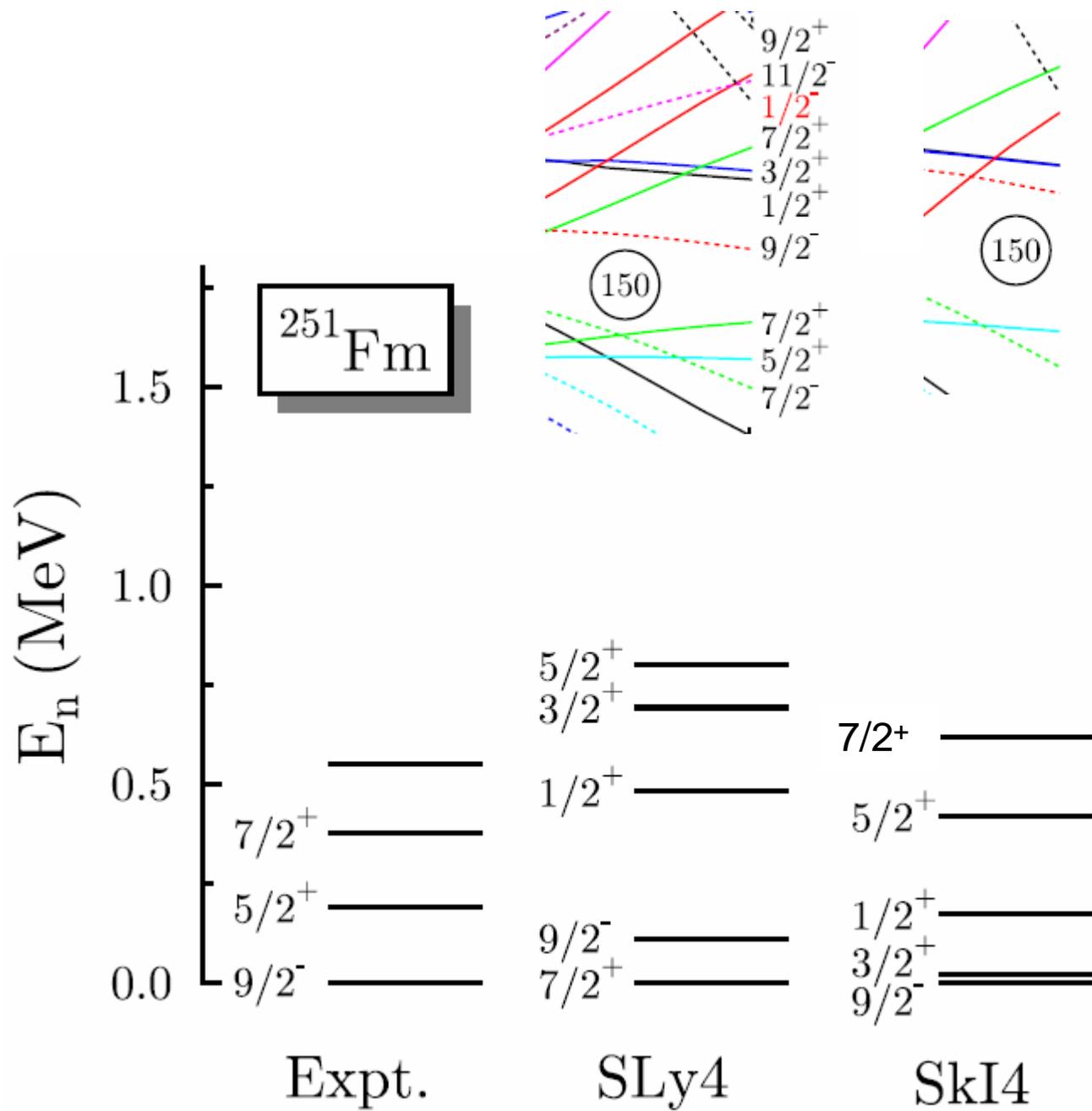


Fig. 3. Kinematical (circles) and dynamical (diamonds) moment of inertia for  $^{240}\text{Pu}$  (top) and  $^{244}\text{Pu}$  (bottom). Open (filled) markers denote calculated (experimental) values.

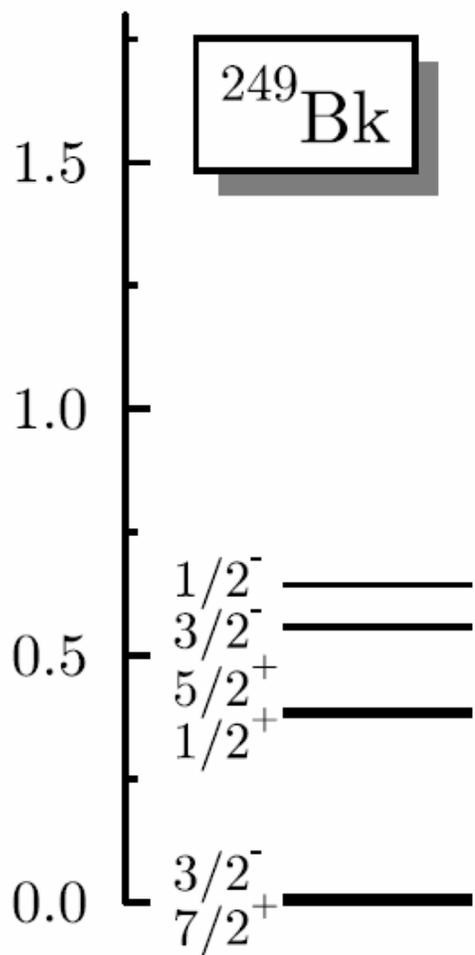
# 2 different Skyrme parametrizations



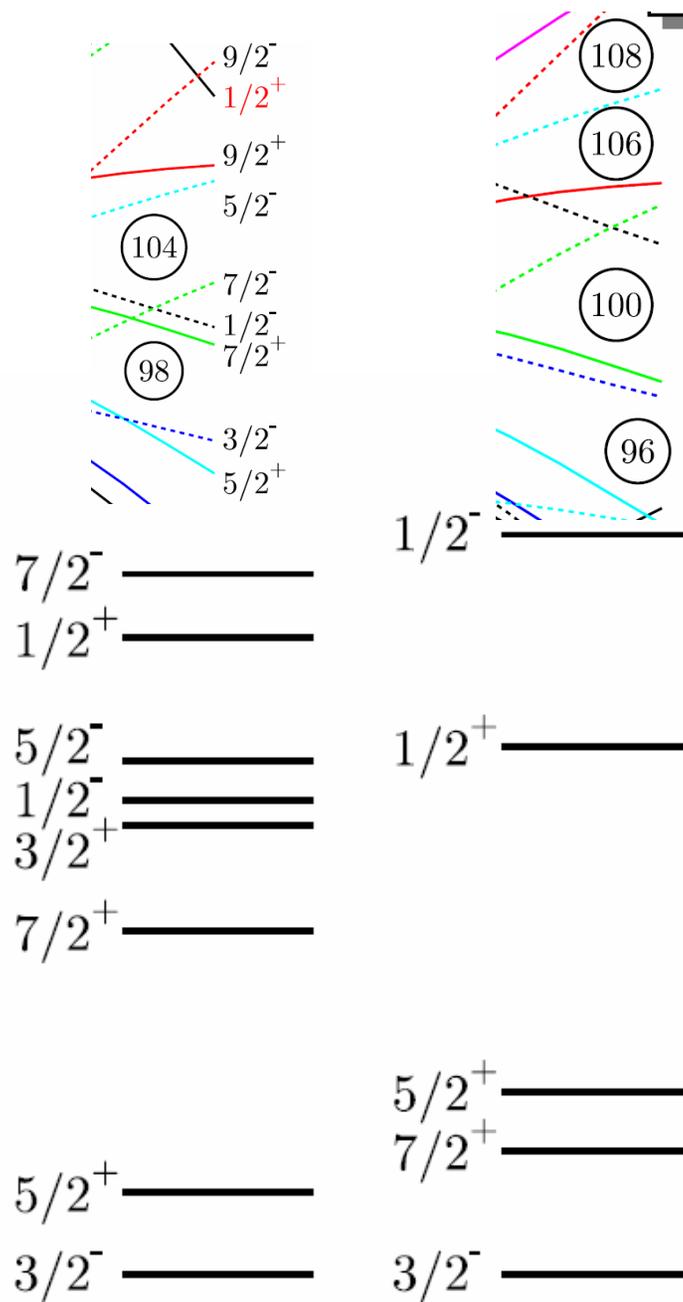


Z=97

$E_p$  (MeV)



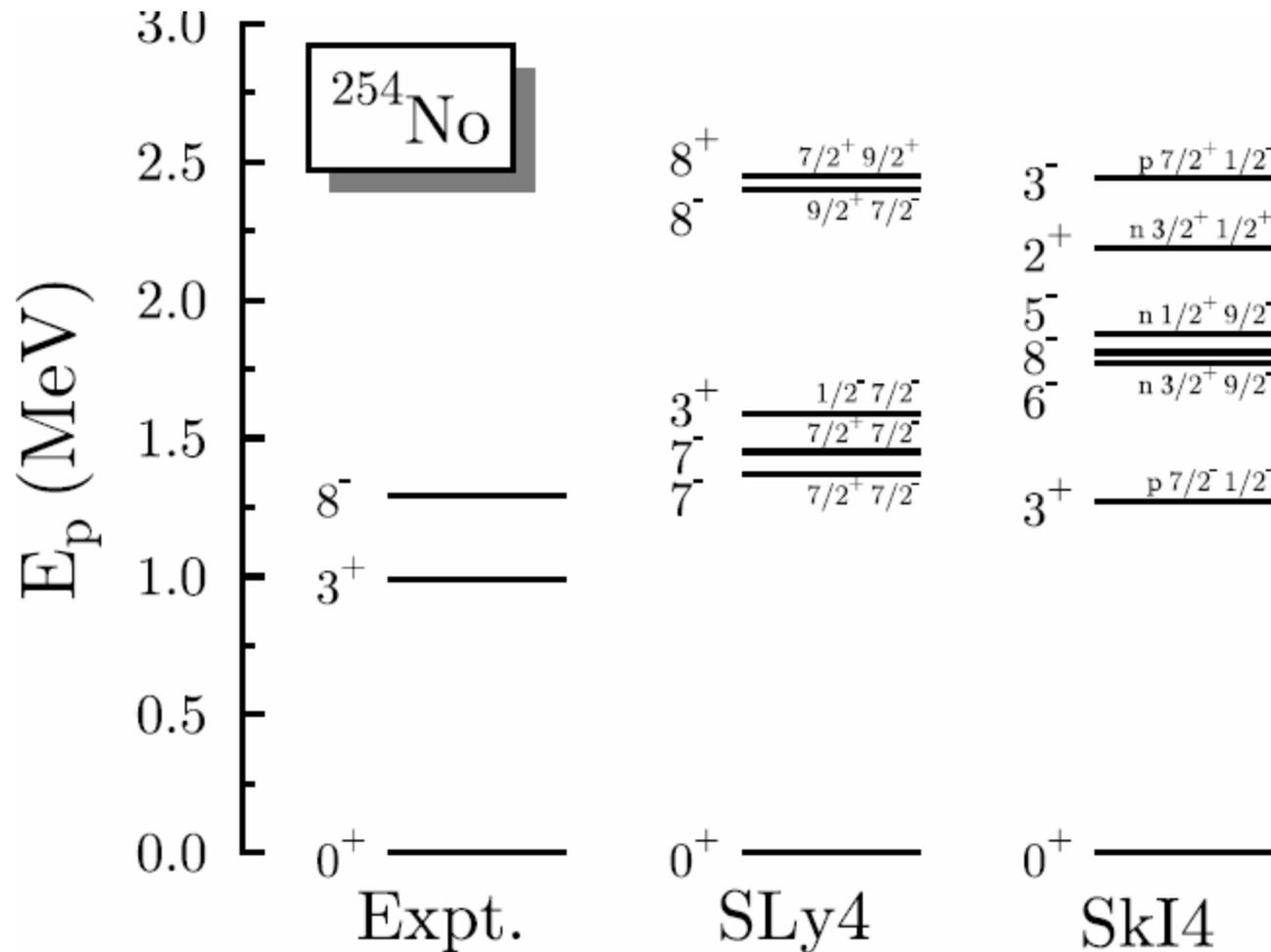
Expt.



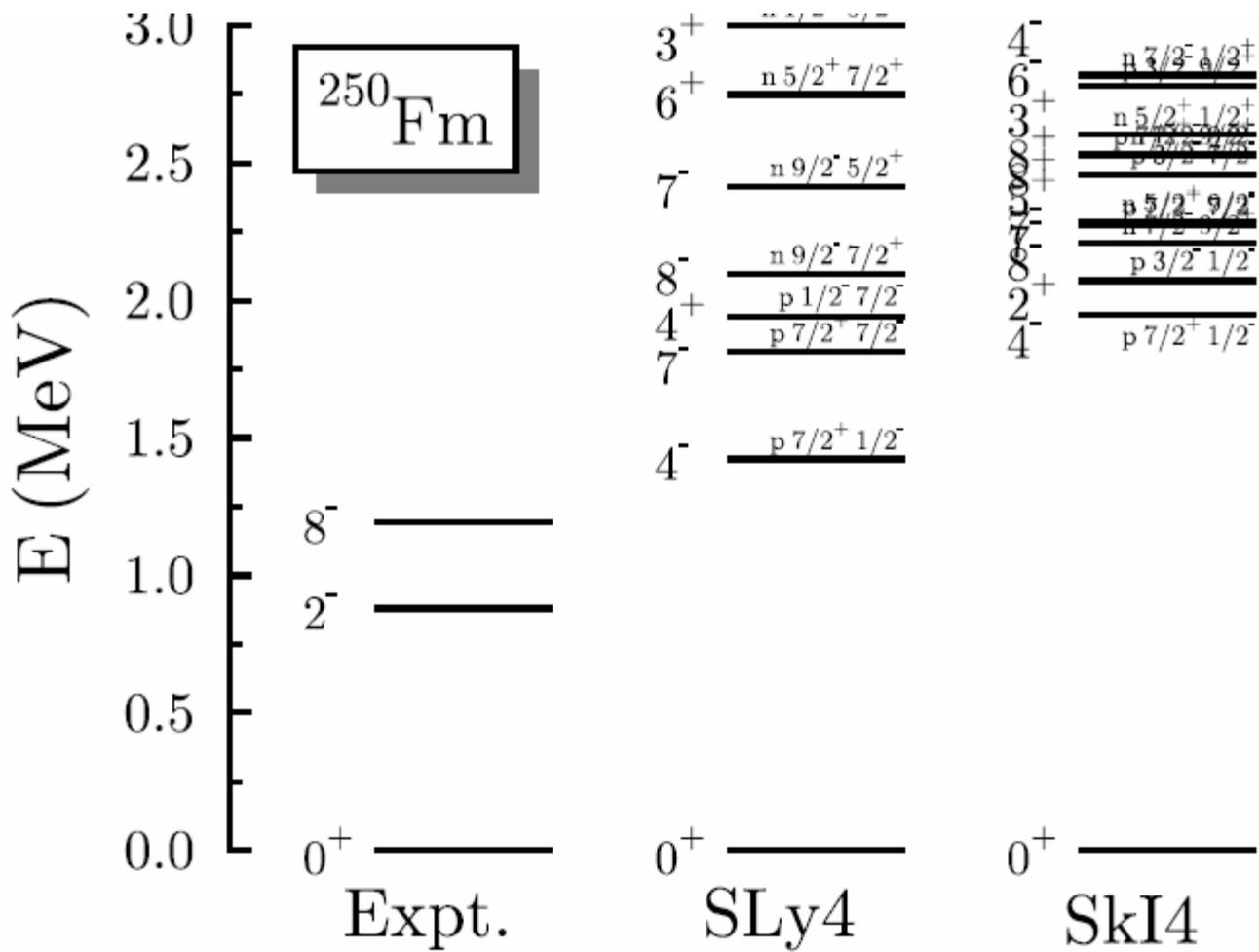
SLy4

SkI4

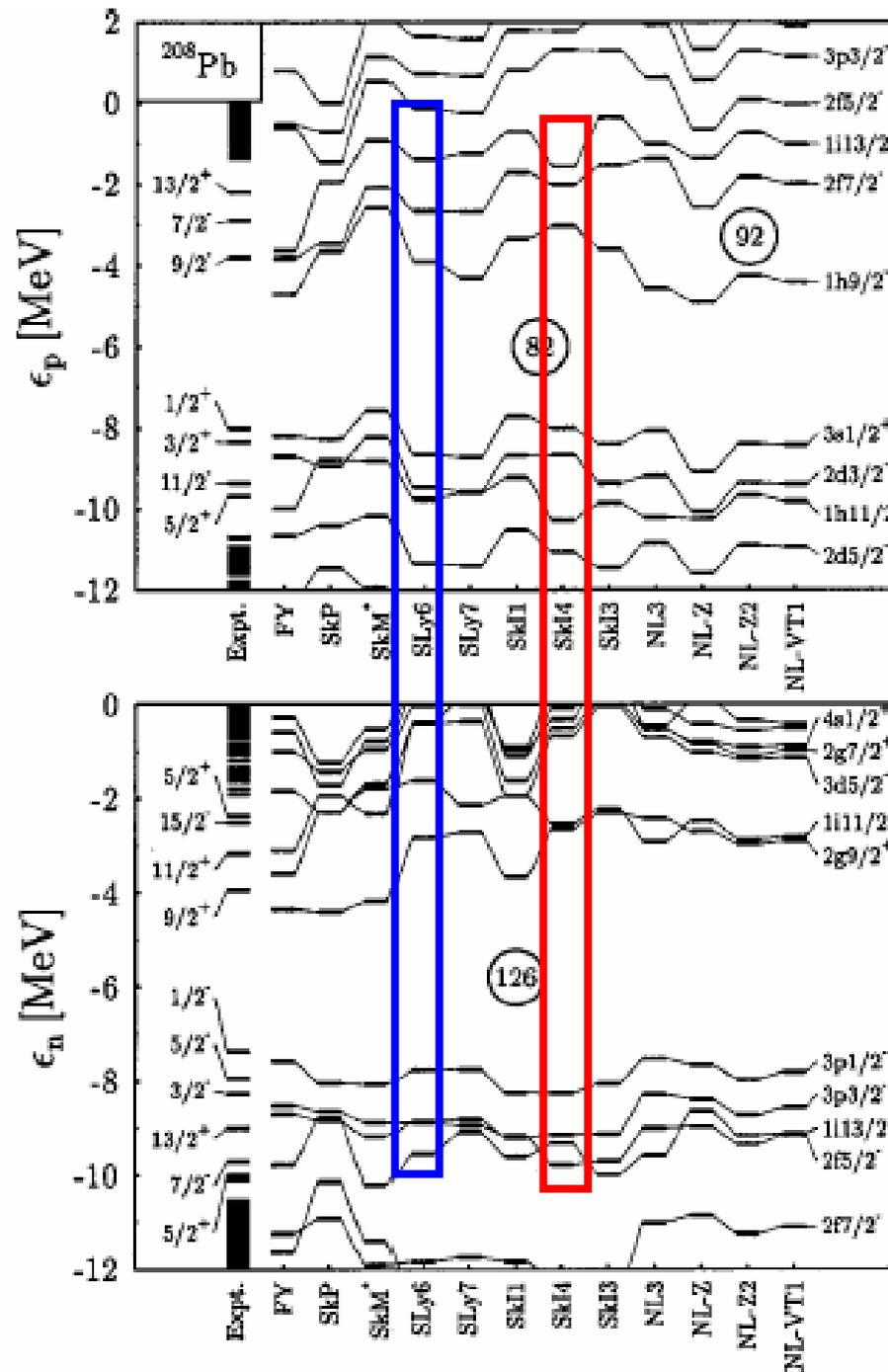
## 2 qp isomers in $^{254}\text{No}$



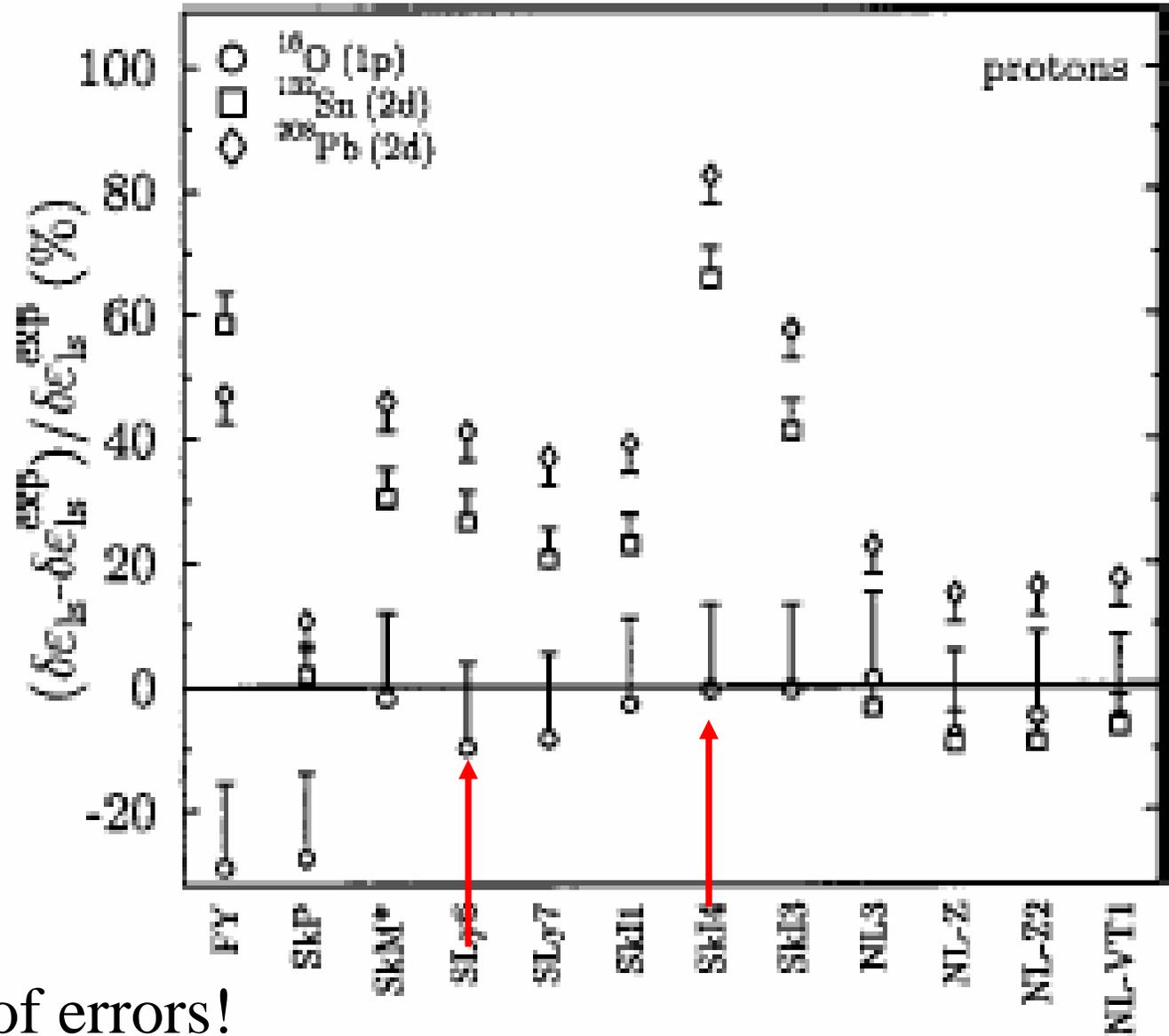
Gogny force gives results similar to SLy4



Ski4:  
i13/2 much  
too low!



level splittings much too large for Ski4



compensation of errors!

